

FOR

Christmas Presents!

GO TO

KEMPF'S!

OUR STOCK OF

PLUSH GOODS

IS LARGE.

Albums, Handkerchief and
Glove sets, Perfume
Cases,Comb and Brush Sets, China
Cups and Saucers.Handkerchiefs in Silk and
Linen,Linen Table Sets, Linen
Towels, Silk Table
CoversAnd many other useful
articles for everybody at
lowest prices in Chelsea.MERRY CHRISTMAS
TO ALL!

Have you ever stopped to think what makes Christmas merry. We have been working hard for a long time to aid you in making this day a happy one to all with a small outlay. When you see our several departments loaded full of useful and beautiful gifts at such reasonable prices, you will join us in declaring our stores to be Santa Claus' home. Notwithstanding the unseasonable weather many have been buying Holiday goods, and in so doing have had first choice and ample time to select presents. We would suggest to all who can, to come in evenings, and make your selections.

We have added many new things during the past week.

Reed Chairs.
Child's Rockers
Misses Rockers.
Toy Furniture
Music Stands
Wall Pockets
Brackets
Pictures
Frames of all kinds
Brown Cases
Christmas Cards
Perfumes
Pocket Knives
Hat Racks
Easels
Blacking Cases
Foot Rests
Desks
Tea and Dinner Sets
Cups and Saucers
Vases
Casters

Tea and Coffee Pots
Finger Bowls
Bone Dishes
Bread and Milk Sets
Cracker Jars
Rose Jars
Fruit Comports
Salad Dishes
Water Sets
Books
Christmas Tree Ornaments.
Toys by the Bushel
Scrap Albums
Autograph Albums
Photograph Albums
Dressing Cases
Shaving Cases
Smokers' Sets
Lace Pins
Cuff Buttons
Fruit Knives.
Napkin Rings.

You will hardly want anything for a gift that you cannot find in our store. We still have nine hundred and fifty dolls to sell. Do not miss getting a doll, they are all bargains.

Yours for a Merry Christmas.

HOAG & HOLMES.

Here and There.

One week before Christmas.
Pay your taxes this month and avoid the per cent.
Wm. Bott, of Lyndon, rejoices in the arrival of a son.

Consult the columns of the HERALD for Christmas bargains.

Mrs. John Looney, who has been seriously ill, is much better.

Petty thieving is getting to be quite common about Waterloo.

A storm partition has been placed in the entrance to the town hall.

December has been a counterpart of Giddy and gushing April.

The weather has been very bad for shippers of dressed poultry.

Lookout for an increase in marriage licenses as Christmas draws near.

The engine house is now in perfect order, everything being very handy.

Mrs. Zenas Curtis, of Grass Lake, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Scheuk.

Rev. C. Haag, who has been in Lansing the past week, returned home Tuesday.

"The Wrens" played to a fair house last Monday, and gave a very pleasing entertainment.

There will be an entertainment and Christmas tree at the German Lutheran church Christmas eve.

All the principal stations on the Michigan Central main line and branches are to be inclosed with fences.

The Sunday School of the German church at Francisco will celebrate Christmas with a Christmas tree.

Dr. Frank S. Buckley has given up his office in Dexter, and will devote his entire time to his Chelsea practice.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Roberts and daughter, Mary, of Pinckney, visited their many friends here this week.

If all the Christmas presents could be collected into one great museum, what an interesting sight they would present.

Bad weather and the state of the wagon roads has cut the trade of the Chelsea merchants down very much this week.

A new cork matting has been placed on the floor of the room now used by the members of the Chelsea fire department.

The mails at the Francisco office will hereafter be delivered by W. F. Riemenschneider, who takes the place of C. H. Plowe.

Miss Sarah Runciman has just returned home after spending several weeks with friends at Williamston, Lansing and Fowlerville.

Those who find greater pleasure in giving than receiving, have the opportunity to fill their cup of happiness to the brim on Christmas.

Mr. Shion Brogan and Masters Frank Dolan, James Brogan and Charles Moran, of Pinckney, were guests at St. Mary's Rectory last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Hummel are receiving the congratulations of their many friends on the advent of a beautiful girl baby, who was born last Sunday, Dec. 15th, 1889.

The proprietors of the barber shops in this village have decided to close on Sundays, and hereafter there will be no shaving or hair cutting on that day. No need of being late at church now.

Miss Rose Jefferys, the accomplished and efficient organist of St. Mary's church, Pinckney, left last Thursday to enter the Novitiate of the Convent of the Immaculate Heart of Mary, at Monroe, Mich.

The Chelsea Roller Mills will not run from Dec. 25th, 1889, until Jan. 2nd, 1890, and during that time the proprietors will make some improvements, repairs, etc., as they do not intend to be outdone by any mills in the state. While shut down the proprietors will be at the mill to wait on customers as usual.

Glazier, the druggist, says that he proposes to have his prices before every family in this vicinity fifty-two weeks in the year before he is a year older. As he is virtually debarred from advertising in the Standard, it looks as if the HERALD would have a large increase in its circulation in the near future.

Next Sunday evening at 7.30 p. m. the solemn reception of the members of the men's Sodality of St. Mary's church will take place. Rev. Father DeSmet, S. J., of Detroit, will officiate at the ceremony. There are about 60 members in the society and it starts out under very favorable auspices. Father DeSmet will celebrate mass at 8 o'clock next Sunday, and will begin at 10.30 a. m.

The following ladies will have charge of the supper tables at the entertainment to be given by the Ladies of St. Mary's parish Dec. 26th. St. Mary's table—Mrs. Frank Staffan, Mrs. John McKernan, Mrs. Peter Merkel, Mrs. Wm. Wheeler, Mrs. Martin Merkel, Mrs. Michael Sullivan, Mrs. Geo. Mullen and Mrs. Jane Geraty. St. Joseph's table—Mrs. Conaty, Mrs. Geo. Eder, Miss Rose Moran, Mrs. Michael Foster, Miss Agnes McGuire, Miss Mary Lammer, Miss Rose Cassidy, Miss Phoebe Stapish and Miss Lila Looney. Tea and coffee—Mrs. Michael Staffan. Christmas tree—Miss Mary Foster and Mrs. C. Hummel.

Attention is called to the statement of the Chelsea Savings Bank, as published in another column.

Christmas.

In the Catholic church, Christmas or the Feast of the Incarnation of our Blessed Lord, ranks among the highest. In St. Mary's church it will be observed with befitting solemnity. Spoth's mass in D will be sung at the first mass, which will be celebrated at 5 o'clock in the morning. At the second mass at 8 o'clock a. m. the children's choir will sing some appropriate hymns. At the last mass at 10.30 o'clock a. m. the choir will render Leonard's mass in C, which is singularly beautiful. The choir has been rehearsing this mass for some time, and we have no doubt, will sing it with excellent effect. Vespers and Benediction of the Blessed Sacrament will be given at 7.30 p. m. This church will also hold their annual Christmas supper and tree for the children in the Town Hall on Thursday, Dec. 26. There will be recitations and singing by the children, and a fancy table, with many beautiful articles to sell, under the charge of the ladies of the parish, will be an interesting feature of the entertainment. We can assure all who attend, of a very enjoyable time.

Advance in Advertising Rates.

Brother Emmert, of the Standard, since engaging in the grocery business has become very sensitive over the low prices that Glazier, the druggist, has been advertising, and has taken a very unusual way to exclude the low prices of the Bank Drug Store from the Standard, having refused to accept further advertisements from Mr. Glazier unless he paid an advance of over five hundred per cent. on the rate he had been paying, practically freezing out and suppressing Mr. Glazier's low prices in the Standard.

In conversation with Mr. Glazier he said he would have to submit to the exclusion of his advertisement from the Standard, as no live man could sell goods at the small profits he sold them, and pay such exorbitant rates for advertising, that he was not trying to educate people to higher prices, but that he was trying to give his customers good goods at the lowest possible living prices; that he was sorry Mr. Emmert felt so about the Bank Drug Store selling goods so cheap, but that he was too busy and life was too short to make any issue with Mr. Emmert about the matter, but still the amount he had invested in buildings and merchandise, made it necessary for him to keep business booming in order to pay fair returns on the capital invested. With the advantages of paying no rents and sufficient revenue coming in from rents to nearly pay the running expenses of his business, he felt able to continue selling the best quality in all lines of goods he handled, at about what many dealers had to pay for them, and was satisfied with the small profits from his largely increasing business, which with his reputation as a "spot cash buyer" enables him to buy in larger quantities and at much lower rates than those buying in broken packages and smaller quantities.

Frank is a hustler and keeps his eye on the gun, ready to bring down any game in sight, but does not care to roam over the gameless wilderness for it, and instead of firing buckshot at Jack rabbits, will continue to fire low prices from the old, old corner, proverbial for its good goods and low prices.

See the proposition Mr. Glazier makes you on last page.

Election of Officers.

The Young Ladies' Sodality of St. Mary's church held its annual election of officers last Sunday, when the following members were chosen:

Prefect—Miss Alice Gorman.
First Assistant—Miss Mary Miller.
Second Assistant—Miss Kate Winters.
Secretary—Miss Amelia Neuberger.
Treasurer—Miss Anna McKone.
Organist—Miss Anna Klein.
Sacristan—Miss Kate Staffan.
Marshals—Miss Teresa Bacon and Miss Mattie Conaty.

Consultors—Miss Rose Doll, Miss Myrtle Fenn, Miss Frances Neuberger, Miss Agnes Winters, Miss Mary Barthel and Miss Rose Howe.

The society is in a flourishing condition, and will hold its second public reception of candidates next Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Rev. Father DeSmet officiating.

Special from Ewart, Mich.

G. N. Bruce, Druggist Ewart, Mich.
I want to say to you that Hibbard's Rheumatic Syrup is, in my opinion, the greatest medicine ever put up. You are fully aware how lame and sore I was at the time you advised me to try the remedy. My back and ankles were so sore and lame, and the pain so severe that I could scarcely move about. Three bottles of this remedy cured me when everything else that I tried failed. It is a valuable medicine.

The above statement is true and it affords me much pleasure to recommend this medicine.

G. W. Bruce.
Ask your druggist for it. Prepared only by Rheumatic Syrup Co., Jackson, Mich.

Hummel & Fenn, druggist, Chelsea, Jan. 9.

Facts & Figures.

Do you appreciate the FACT that we are working hard for your trade? If not, the following FIGURES may help to convince you that such is the case.

Oysters, best standards	18c per can
Oysters, extra select	23c per can
13 1/2 lbs granulated sugar for	\$1.00
14 lbs confectioners "A" sugar for	1.00
Starch	6c per lb
Saleratus	9c "
Yeast cakes	3 & 6c per pkg
Finest tea dust	12 1/2c per lb
Good Japan tea	30c "
Full cream cheese	12 1/2c "
3 1/2 lbs V crackers for	25c
6 lbs rolled oats for	25c
35 boxes matches, 200 to box, for	25c
23 boxes matches, 300 to box, for	25c
4 pounds best rice	25c
Choice dates	8c per lb
Choice mixed candy	12 1/2c per lb
Codfish bricks	8c "
Finest roasted Rio coffee	23c per lb
Fine roasted peanuts	10c "
Water White Oil	12c per gal
Hatchet baking powder	20c per lb
Royal baking powder	42c "
Dr. Prices baking powder	42c "
Sardines	5c per can
3 lb cans tomatoes	10c "
3 lb cans sugar corn	9c "
Star Axle Grease	5c per box
Hub plug tobacco	45c per lb
Good plug tobacco	25c "
Spear Head plug tobacco	35c "
Jolly Tar plug tobacco	35c "
Good fine cut tobacco	28c "
Farmers' Pride smoking	18c "
Good molasses	40c per gal
Fine sugar syrup	40c per gal

All Goods Warranted.

All Goods Fresh.
Don't forget that we are headquarters for Drugs, Medicines, Wall Paper, Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silverware, Books, Fancy Goods, and Paints and Oils, at hard pan prices.

Glazier, the Druggist,
Bank Drug Store, Chelsea, Mich.

Report of the Condition of the Chelsea Savings Bank.

At Chelsea, Michigan, at the close of business, Sept. 30th, 1889.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts	\$74,460.94
Stocks, bonds, mortgages, etc.	101,303.92
Due from banks in reserve	
cities	11,919.04
Due from other banks and bankers	10,304.47
Furniture and fixtures	3,559.89
Other real estate	629.50
Current expenses and taxes paid	524.76
Interest paid	125.81
Checks and cash items	21.13
Nickels and pennies	63.73
Gold	337.85
Silver	571.00
U. S. and National Bank Notes	2,831.00
Total	\$206,574.14
LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock	\$50,000.00
Surplus fund	7,481.92
Undivided profits	1,173.96
Commercial deposits	94,427.50
Savings deposits	113,941.76
Total	\$206,574.14

State of Michigan, County of Washtenaw, ss.

I, Geo. P. Glazier, of the above named Bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Geo. P. GLAZIER, Cashier.

Correct—Attest: (H M Woods,
Sam'l G. Ives,
F. P. Glazier,

Directors.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 4th day of Oct., 1889.

T. W. E. Wood, Notary Public.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE

FOR SALE BY

Geo. P. Glazier's Loan and Real Estate Agency, Chelsea, Mich.

Farm No. 1—270 acres, located 2 miles south of Francisco, 6 miles west from Chelsea, 5 miles east of Grass Lake, adjoining Michael Schenk's farm on the south, known as the Wales Riggs farm. One of the best soil farms in Michigan. There is a comfortable frame house, a large frame barn 114 feet long, 3 small barns, 2 good wells of water, wind mill, corn house, henhouse and tool house, orchard and a fine vine yard of one acre. 180 acres of land fit for the plow, besides ample woodland. In all it is one of the best grain and stock farms in Michigan to make money from.

Farm No. 12—108 68-100 acres, situated 3 miles from Chelsea, near school, on good road, and in an excellent neighborhood of Eastern people. There is a frame dwelling house of 20 rooms (large and small), a frame barn 28x36, also a stock barn 100 feet long, wagon house 20x30, brick smoke house and fruit dryer, 2 good wells of excellent water, medium sized orchard, 90 acres of plow land, remainder good timber land. No waste land whatever. This is a superior located farm, under high state of cultivation. The owner desires to retire from active work and will sell for \$85 per acre.

Farm No. 22—280 acres, 5 miles from Chelsea and 5 miles from Dexter. Large frame house near school house, barn 40x30 also one 30x60, 2 sheds 30x40 each, two wells, a windmill conducting water into house and barn, orchard with plenty of small fruits, and other improvements. 180 acres of plow land, 80 acres of timber and 20 acres of marsh. Soil, gravel and sandy loam. Very productive. A farm to make money both in cropping and as an investment.

Farm No. 33—Consisting of four separate 40 acre tracts of Beech and Maple timber land, in Cheboygan county, Michigan, near Sturgeon River. Price \$12.50 per acre. The owner will accept in part payment, good property in southern Michigan. A good chance to trade for desirable farm land.

CHRISTMAS
SLIPPERS.

I have the largest assortment and the lowest prices in Patent Leather, all Plush, Plush and Patent Leather, Plush and Pebble Leather, hand embroidered from 65c to \$2.00 a pair.

For \$1.00 and \$1.25 you can buy an elegant style and good wearing slipper. I only ask you to see my line of Slippers before you purchase.

Respectfully,

B. PARKER,
Boot and Shoe Dealer.

BLAICH BROS.,

We have just received a fine line of Florida Oranges, Lemons, Candies, Mixed Nuts, Dates, Figs, Seedless Raisins, Citron, Lemon Peel, Orange Peel, all colors of Sugar Sand, Almond Meats, etc. We keep on hand a fine line of Extracts, also a fine line of Canned Goods.

Call and see us and we will try and treat you kindly, and make prices right to you. Respectfully,

BLAICH BROS.

Given Away on February 1st, 1890.

On that day I will give away a \$55 White Sewing Machine with numerous attachments, on the following plan: Every person buying one dollar's worth of goods for cash, can guess on the number of kernels of corn in a sealed dish on the machine, and the person guessing the number of kernels, or the nearest to the same will be given the machine free of charge. My stock consists of Groceries, Gloves, Mittens, etc., and everything is sold at bottom prices.

Nothing extra will be charged for guessing privileges. Look at the machine in the show window. Yours, etc.

R. A. SNYDER'S.

Only a Short Time
BEFORE

X-MAS

And we presume you wish to make somebody a

X-MAS PRESENT!

You could not do better than to select one from

OUR ELEGANT STOCK
OF

Handkerchiefs, Mufflers, Muffs, Fur Collars,
Gloves, Slippers, Jewelry, Aprons, Lace
Ties, Facinators, Towels, Towel
Rings, Silk Umbrellas,
Stamped Linens,
Felt Tidies, Table Scarfs and Covers, Gents
Neckwear, Rugs, Carpet Sweepers, etc.

In fact you can find something in every department that would be suitable for a present. Visit our store

BEFORE X-MAS,

And we will be pleased to show you our beautiful array of goods

Yours Respectfully,

H. S. HOLMES & CO.

THE CHLSEA HERALD.

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

CHLSEA, MICHIGAN.

The people of the United States use 1,000,000 postal cards every day.

It is said that there are forty-eight languages and dialects spoken in Mexico.

A sand pump near Boise City, I. T., recently brought up a flint idol from a depth of 320 feet.

A tramp confined in the Lancaster (Pa.) jail entertained the attendants and policemen with tales of adventure and travel. He had almost walked around the world.

The oldest member of the American Hayfever Association is Dr. Edward Townsend, of Philadelphia. He is eighty-four and has had hayfever once a year since he was a boy.

Mrs. Philip H. Sheridan and her children are living at the cottage in Nonquitt, Mass., in which the General died. Mrs. Sheridan has entirely recovered her health and strength.

The Australian Legislature has passed a law taxing all married couples living with their mothers-in-law; \$500 if residing with the husband's mother-in-law, and \$150 if with the wife's.

The Japanese are learning how to eat meat. In 1884 only 30,000 head of cattle were slaughtered in all Japan. In 1885 the number had increased to 110,000; in 1886, to 130,000; in 1887, to 200,000.

A magnificent English tree known as the "withering oak," which measured 38 feet 7 inches in girth in 1744, has just been measured and found to have grown just 17 inches in the interval of 145 years.

Mrs. Elliott F. Shepard proposes to erect in New York a large seven-story fire-proof structure and present it to the Young Woman's Christian Association. It is to be used as a lodging-house and home for working-women.

Mrs. Margaret Stuart, aged one hundred and three years, of Plugs, Carroll County, Ga., wants a pension. Mrs. Stuart is the widow of James Stuart, who fought in the Indian war of 1812 under Captain John Myrick.

A watch for blind people has been invented in Switzerland. In the middle of every figure is a small peg, which drops when the hour hand reaches the figure. The owner feels that the peg is down and counts back to twelve to determine the hour.

The new crown which has been manufactured for the German Emperor by the court jeweler weighs three pounds and is adorned with a hundred fine diamonds. That provided for the Emperor is ornamented with eleven pearls and nearly fifteen hundred diamonds.

There is something very pathetic in the case of Harriet Beecher Stowe. The telegraph announces that she has become a hopeless imbecile, with her mind a complete blank. Most sad is this week of a great intellect, once the pride of her own country and the admiration of the world.

It is one of the marvels of Providence that Emin Bey, after passing safely through the innumerable dangers of a trip across equatorial Africa, should receive the outpour of civilization only to receive probably fatal injuries in a fall from a balcony. The entry of Emin and Stanley into Kigoma was marked by a banquet, after which Emin absently minded walked off a high veranda.

According to recent information cannibalism is very prevalent in some places in West Africa near to the British settlement, if not actually in the protectorate itself, and so serious and frequent has become the kidnapping of individuals who have gone out alone that in some parts persons dare not venture beyond their own town for fear of capture. Several cases are reported to have taken place on the broad road from Bendorah to Dodo and Kibibi. Six persons were reported to have been killed and eaten.

According to an official report just issued of the 29,473 people whose marriages were registered in Massachusetts last year 698 were men and 215 women who had reached their fiftieth year; 19 men and 5 women were over seventy-five years of age, and 7 men and 2 women were over eighty. The total number of males under twenty years of age was 368, and of females 3,218. Two females were twelve, 2 were thirteen, 12 were fourteen and 51 were fifteen years of age. One male was fifteen, and there were none under that age.

Florida will soon be the greatest lemon-growing country in the world. Lemons weighing a pound each are common, and along the banks of the Caloosahatchee there is a single tree which bears five thousand lemons, many of which weigh a pound each. But, except for show, such large lemons are of little value, as they are coarse-grained and pulpy. The best lemons are grown on poor soil, and for that reason they are a very profitable crop. This country consumes more lemons every year than all other countries combined, and the consumption is said to be constantly increasing.

A bill has been introduced in the United States Senate by Senator Hale authorizing the President to have constructed by contract eight battle-ships of 7,500 to 10,000 tons displacement, two armored coast-defense vessels, three gunboats of 800 to 1,200 tons, and five first-class torpedo boats. Discretion is given to the Secretary of the Navy in the matter of premiums to be allowed for speed in excess of contract requirements. The Secretary may build the vessels at the navy-yards in case he can not contract for them at a reasonable price with some of the large ship-builders in the country.

Vashti is a beautiful Persian cat living in a New York family, a great pet, and until recently queen of the mansion. A visitor came, bringing a parrot. Vashti saw and immediately felt a desire for parrot flesh. She approached and prepared for a spring, when she heard in amazement a sound as of a human voice issuing from the cage, and her ears were shocked with a torrent of oaths such as had never before been heard in that well-regulated household. The horrified cat fled from the room, which she has never since been induced to enter, notwithstanding all sorts of persuasions have been tried.

Epitome of the Week.

INTERESTING NEWS COMPILATION.

FIFTY-FIRST CONGRESS.
MONDAY, Dec. 9.—In the Senate a petition was presented in favor of a National Sunday rest law and bills were introduced for the admission of the State of Wyoming into the Union to provide a temporary government for the Territory of Oklahoma; to secure to the people the privilege of rest and religious worship on the first day of the week; to pay to soldiers who were confined in Confederate prisons during the late war the sum of \$3 per day for every such day's imprisonment. In the House Speaker Reed appointed five of the standing committees, McKinley being chairman of that on ways and means and Cannon on appropriations.

TUESDAY, Dec. 10.—A memorial was presented in the Senate by Senator Spooner to prohibit boards of trade and other mercantile bodies and individuals from fixing the values of the products of American farms by sales for future deliveries. A Federal election bill was introduced by Senator Chandler to provide against unfair elections in Congressional districts. Several nominations were confirmed, among them being that of Green B. Raum for Pension Commissioner. The House was not in session.

WEDNESDAY, Dec. 11.—The Senate and House met in joint session and held centennial exercises commemorative of the inauguration of George Washington as the first President of the United States. President Harrison, the members of the Cabinet, the Supreme Court Judges and Diplomatic Corps were in attendance. Chief Justice Fuller delivered the oration.

THURSDAY, Dec. 12.—In the Senate bills were introduced for a National election law, providing for Government aid for colored persons desiring to move from Southern States, and for the repeal of the gold and silver coinage act. A resolution was presented to inquire into the expediency and practicability of setting apart territory for the occupation of colored citizens of the United States. Adjourned to the 16th. In the House Mr. Butterworth presented a resolution for the appointment of a committee to investigate the Ohio ballot-box forgery cases. The report of the committee which investigated the Silcott defalcation and forgery case was read. Arms freedom for neglect of duty. A bill was introduced for the repeal of the tobacco tax. Adjourned to the 16th.

FROM WASHINGTON.
On the 10th Representative Cotnam, of the Third South Carolina district, resigned his seat in Congress to accept a position as counsel of a railway. On the 10th Mrs. Scott Lord, the sister of Mrs. Harrison, died at Washington.

DURING November the value of breadstuffs exported was \$10,033,440. PRESIDENT BLAINE at the session of the Pan-American conference in Washington on the 13th appointed the various committees and the conference adjourned until January 2. There were 200 business failures in the United States during the seven days ended on the 13th, against 316 the previous week. For the corresponding week in 1885 the number was 303.

THE EAST.
In Butler, Pa., two workmen were loading nitro-glycerine into a wagon on the 10th when the stuff exploded and the men and their teams were blown into fragments.

The death of Oliver Johnson, the last of the twelve agitators who met in Boston January 6, 1832, and formed the first anti-slavery society, occurred in New York on the 10th, aged eighty-one years. A FOUNDRYMAN while on his way to work near Buffalo, N. Y., on the 10th found a package containing \$40,000 on the railroad track. He delivered it to the railroad officials, who identified it as a package missing from the pay-car.

A PANIC was caused by a false alarm of fire at the Parke Opera-House in Johnston, Pa., on the evening of the 10th, and fourteen persons were killed in the rush for the exit and seventy-five were injured, some fatally.

REMARKS of the 11th from Philadelphia said that the great bar-wire trust had collapsed.

On the 11th Francis Bonneau, a Frenchman, one hundred and five years of age, father of eighteen children and survivor of two wives, died in New Bedford, Mass.

On the 11th a violent wind-storm passed over Westmoreland County, Pa., unroofing and blowing down houses and tearing trees up by the roots.

JAMES A. GRAY, the oldest piano manufacturer in the United States, was found dead in bed at Albany, N. Y., on the 11th.

At York, Pa., freight trains collided on the 11th, killing two men and destroying \$100,000 worth of property.

The death of Aunt Mary Tyler, who was familiarly called, occurred at Somerville, Mass., on the 11th, at the age of eighty-three years. She was the subject of the rhyme, "Mary had a little lamb."

An international chess tournament conducted by correspondence between Canada and the United States, sixty players on a side, was won on the 12th by the Americans.

In session at Boston on the 12th the American Federation of Labor rejected a motion to institute a political party. On the 13th Warren Leland, Jr., the well-known hotel proprietor, made an assignment of all his property at Long Branch, N. J., with liabilities of \$163,000.

In session on the 13th at Boston the Federation of Labor passed a resolution urging the abolition of child labor below the age of fourteen years.

WEST AND SOUTH.
EX-PRISONERS of war from all over the country held a reunion on the 10th at Libby Prison Museum in Chicago.

HUNDREDS of families in North and South Dakota were on the 11th said to be suffering for want of food.

At Perry's Mills, Cal., a cloud-burst on the 11th washed away five houses, and Joseph E. Eastman was drowned, flooding thousands of acres and drowning C. T. Jones.

In the vicinity of Cambridge City, Ind., a cyclone on the 11th wrecked several houses and destroyed other property.

Iowa Prohibitionists will hold a State convention at Des Moines on the 9th of January next.

SEVERAL opium smugglers, with \$22,000 worth of the article in their possession, were captured on the 12th near Tacoma, Wash.

JOHN ZIMMERMAN's farm barn near Wooster, O., was burned on the 12th, and twenty-five head of blooded cattle perished.

SOME two hundred and fifty families in Norton County, Kan., were on the 12th reported to be in a destitute condition.

DR. REILLY, of Detroit, treasurer of the Irish National League, on the 12th called \$15,000 to Dr. Kenny, treasurer of the Irish League, for use of the tenants' defense fund.

TWELVE thieves were captured on the 12th near Cairo, Ill., and much valuable property recovered.

In the vicinity of Elkhorn, Wis., farmers were plowing on the 12th, the weather being warm and no frost appearing.

NEAR Kent City, Mich., James Gilmore, a farm hand, killed Mrs. James McDonald on the 12th and then took his own life. The refusal of the woman to elope with him caused the deed.

The office of the Huron mine at Hancock, Mich., was burned on the 12th. The second story was used as a boarding-house and two Finnish women and a six-week-old child perished in the flames.

THE damage by the recent floods in the vicinity of Colusa, Cal., was on the 13th stated at \$1,000,000, mostly to crops.

JOHN GILMAN, the murderer of Mrs. Ettenhaver and her child, was executed at Empire City, Ore., on the 13th, and Carl Williamson was hanged at Plaquemine, La., for the murder of his wife at Dorchester.

In Madison County, Ind., much excitement prevailed on the 13th, because of the discovery of silver in paying quantities.

On the Washburn railway, near Graham, Mo., three men were killed and four badly injured in a railway wreck on the 13th.

A DOMESTIC fire at a family at Madison, Wis., apparently died a month ago of diphtheria and was hastily buried. On the 13th her parents prepared to remove the body to the country, and upon opening the casket they discovered that the body was lying on its face, the hair wrenched from the head and the flesh literally torn from the face and hands.

FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.
The death of Henry E. Searle, the champion barsman of the world, occurred on the 10th at Melbourne, Australia, of typhoid.

ADVISED by the 10th from Zanzibar say that the German troops attacked a party of Bushiris, headed by that chief, and routed them, killing twenty-eight and wounding a large number.

ALL the jewels of the ex-Emperor of Brazil were on the 11th reported to have been stolen. The collection embraced the finest diamonds in the world.

ROBERT BROWNING, the poet, aged seventy-seven years, died in London at ten o'clock on the evening of the 12th. He had been ill for some time with bronchitis.

DESPITE the amnesty declared in Crete twenty Christians were brought before the authorities there in chains recently and beaten with canes.

The death of Edward Bradley, more commonly known as Cuthbert Bede, occurred in London on the 12th. He was a contributor to nearly all the English periodicals.

SEVERAL officers of the artillery and navy at St. Petersburg were on the 12th arrested on a charge of complicity in a plot to kill the Czar of Russia.

The leading French-Canadian political organization of Montreal on the 12th defied for annexation to the United States.

LATER.
The Greene & Bloomer grain elevator at Buffalo, N. Y., was burned on the 13th. Loss, \$125,000.

NEARLY the entire business portion of New Carlisle, O., was destroyed by fire on the 14th.

CARL FORMES, once considered the greatest bass singer in the world, died in San Francisco on the 15th.

A FIREIGHT train ran into the river near Hannock, N. J., on the 14th, and William Nixon, Patrick Harrington and M. Seely were killed.

FARMERS near Dallas, Tex., who had been robbed by highwaymen, captured two of the robbers on the 14th and hanged them.

At the closing session of the American Federation of Labor in Boston on the 14th Samuel Gompers, of New York, was re-elected president.

THOUSANDS of acres of land in Sutter County, Cal., were damaged by the extent of \$250,000 by floods on the 14th.

THE END IN SIGHT.

The Cronin Murder Trial in Chicago Will Soon Be Finished.

The Fate of the Five Suspects Soon to Be Known.—The Attorneys for the Prosecution and the Defense Making Their Pleas.

THIRTY-SIXTH DAY.
Attorney Forrest Claims That a Murder Has Not Been Proven.

CHICAGO, Dec. 12.—The Cronin trial yesterday morning Mr. Forrest gave his attention to the various points of evidence introduced by the State and sought to show how by the correspondence of circumstances the evidence might be untrue. He also said there was nothing in the evidence tending to prove that a conspiracy existed in the Cronin case. For instance, it was worth \$100 a week to Dinan to have it generally believed that his while horse was the one that took Dr. Cronin away, that being the amount Dinan received from the dime museum. As for the Carsons, they were poor people, and by turning their backs on the State and charging admission to curiosity-seekers who wanted to see the famous stains on the floor and wall, the Carsons were able to gather quite a small sum. Running in and out of all his arguments was to be seen a desire to show that all the witnesses for the State were perjurers. The urging which the State had to use in court on Dinan to induce him to identify Coughlin and Kunze was handled very skillfully. He also said that the indictment alleging that death was caused by the violence of blows on the head, and not by the deadly wound, was proved to have occurred in that way and no other. From this he proceeded to show that the proof utterly failed to establish the exact cause of death, and that, therefore, the State was not entitled to a verdict. The cause of death was due to violence, instead of as the truth is, by means unknown, he said was a blunder on the part of the State's Attorney, which the jurors were not responsible for, to correct which they were not called on to violate their oaths to leap beyond the evidence and assume a cause of death when the witnesses could not be induced to say that the wound was declared, was hideous in its absurdity, and was not worthy of notice.

THIRTY-SEVENTH DAY.
Attorney Forrest Assails the Veracity of the Five Witnesses.

CHICAGO, Dec. 12.—The assumption of court yesterday morning Mr. Forrest continued his attack on the credibility of witnesses for the State. He took up the expert testimony in regard to the blood, and claimed that the State had failed to prove that there was any human blood at all in the Cronin case. Then Mr. Forrest attacked the State's counsel and asserted confidently that the story which had been introduced at this trial, which was not brought out at the coroner's inquest, was fabricated. He closed his morning speech with a strong denunciation of the alleged attempts of the police to suppress evidence favorable to the accused.

At the afternoon session Mr. Forrest took up the matter of O'Sullivan's alibi, and declared it must be true because the witnesses in testimony had differed with in the matter of details. On the main point that O'Sullivan was in the house on the night of May 4 they all agreed. In details they differed. But Mr. Forrest, Mark, Luke and John, according to great theologists, differed as to details, but agreed on the main point. Therefore O'Sullivan's alibi was well founded and could not be overthrown.

But even if it did not matter, the burden of proof lay on the State, and unless the State proved that Coughlin was at the cottage on the night of May 4 it could not be for an inch in his testimony to establish the guilt of Meres and Niman being unworthy of consideration. He then turned his attention to the testimony concerning the two knives found in Coughlin's possession, by Barney Flynn. Starting out with the proposition that possession is prima facie evidence of ownership, he asserted that Mr. Hynes' statement that the two knives were taken from Coughlin was exactly the improbability of Mr. Conklin's identification.

THIRTY-EIGHTH DAY.
Attorney Forrest Finishes His Argument and the Suspects' Case Is Ended.

CHICAGO, Dec. 12.—At yesterday's session Attorney Forrest resumed his address by an attempt to prove the reliability of the alibi for Dinan's white horse. His argument on this point was exhaustive. Not one circumstance connected with the identification of the animal by Mrs. Conklin was in his mind worthy of belief. The accusation of the State that Coughlin had a motive in killing the doctor was then considered, and Mr. Forrest said that the testimony was given by disreputable characters and was not worthy of consideration. Mr. Forrest then gave his attention to the case of Martin Burke, and said that there was nothing suspicious in Burke's movements subsequent to his introduction at the trial. He showed that Burke was in the Cronin case on the night of May 4. The method of the defense was unfair, and showed that the State had no hopes of his really being the man that hired Martensen to murder the doctor, or even that it was Burke who rented the cottage. Mr. Forrest closed his speech with an appeal to the jury to acquit his clients because nothing had been proved against them beyond a reasonable doubt.

CHICAGO, Dec. 12.—Luther Laidie Mills notified State's Attorney Longnecker yesterday that he would be unable to deliver the closing speech to the jury in the Cronin case to day. Mr. Mills has been in ill health for several days. It was at once decided that Judge Longnecker should close the case. The State's Attorney will begin at 10 o'clock to day.

THIRTY-NINTH DAY.
Judge Longnecker Closes the Case and Judge McConnell Makes His Charge.

CHICAGO, Dec. 14.—In the Cronin case yesterday Judge Longnecker made the closing speech, in which he briefly reviewed the testimony and remarks of the defendants' attorneys, and in his remarks said to the jury: "If you believe that the defendants and myself have been manufacturing evidence, if you believe it is your holy duty to acquit the five members of the prosecution who indicted and tried for conspiracy to commit murder. Why, if the people believed it, they should take me to the nearest lamp-post and hang me with witness whose story I didn't believe. Do you think I would fix up a story to hang these men from before God? I had rather have my name in the history of the State as engaged in such villainy." In closing, the State's Attorney said: "You are not here to acquit guilty men or condemn innocent ones. You are here to do your duty as honorable, honest men."

Judge McConnell immediately began the reading of his charge to the jury. The charge was very elaborate and fair to both sides. He began by saying that the jury were the judges of the facts as well as of the law in this case. He then gave the legal definition of the crime of murder, its punishment, and the theory of the law as applied to an accessory, the presumption of innocence, the sufficiency of circumstantial evidence to satisfy the jury of the guilt of the defendants, and said that in giving weight to the evidence, the jury must be careful and sound and that death occurred as charged in the indictment.

The jury must enter upon the consideration of each circumstance proven, having in their minds the presumption of innocence of each of the defendants, and if such fact or circumstance can be explained consistently with the innocence of the accused it is their duty to so explain it. Any circumstance which is essential to a conviction of guilt against the defendant or either of them, should be established beyond all reasonable doubt and to a moral certainty by the evidence. If there is no evidence in this case that any one of the defendants committed the crime, the jury must acquit him, and if the defendant Beggs is charged in the indictment in this case, therefore, unless it is established that a conspiracy was entered into to commit the murder charged in said indictment, he should be acquitted.

The jury must not disregard the testimony of witnesses where it appears to be true, and not unreasonable or unnatural, and where they have not been in any manner impeached. All the evidence must be considered and a verdict reached in accordance with its weight. If the jury believe from the evidence in this case, beyond a reasonable doubt, that the defendants, or any of them, conspired and agreed together, or with others, to kill and murder Patrick Henry Cronin, and in pursuance of such conspiracy, or for the purpose and furtherance of that common design and by a member or members of such conspiracy, the said Patrick Henry Cronin was killed and murdered in manner and form as charged in the indictment in this case, then such of these defendants, if any, are guilty of the murder, whether the identity of the individual doing the killing be established or not, or whether such defendants were present at the time of the killing or not.

Under the charge of conspiracy against any of the defendants to commit murder, it must be proved beyond reasonable doubt that such defendant conspired with one or more persons in the common purpose and with the common design to murder the deceased before you will be justified in believing that the conspiracy existed in the case in which you are now sitting. It is required to prove beyond all reasonable doubt that the defendants, and not somebody else, committed the crime charged in the indictment.

The evidence on both sides must be considered without any feeling of resentment or revenge, and if the jury finds that the evidence in this case is now any motive on the part of the defendant to commit the crime charged against him, then this is a circumstance in favor of his innocence which the jury ought to consider in connection with all the other evidence in the case in reaching a verdict. In considering the case, however, the jury are not to go beyond the evidence to hunt up doubts, nor must they entertain such doubts as are merely chimerical or conjectured. A doubt to justify an acquittal must be reasonable, and it must arise from candid and impartial investigation of all the evidence in the case, and unless it is such that the same kind of doubt charged in the graver transactions of life it would cause a reasonable and prudent man to hesitate and pause, it is insufficient to authorize a verdict of not guilty. If you have an abiding conviction of the truth of the charge, you are satisfied beyond a reasonable doubt.

In this case the jury may, as in their judgment the evidence warrants, find any or all of the defendants guilty, or any or all of them not guilty; and if in their judgment the evidence warrants they may, in case they find the defendant guilty, or any of them guilty, find the same penalty as the law prescribes for the crime charged. And in case they find the defendant, or any of them, guilty of murder, they should fix the penalty of death, or imprisonment for life in the penitentiary, or at imprisonment for a term of years, or at imprisonment for a term of years not less than four years.

STORM-TOSSED.
Wind and Rain Do Much Damage at Various Places.—A Cyclone's Work Near Cambridge City, Ind.—Houses Swept Away by a Cyclone Near Perry's Mills, Cal.—Several People Drowned.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Dec. 12.—The great rain-storm which has continued throughout the State eleven days appears to have been broken in this city, although it is still raining at many points in the interior. The rainfall has been seventeen inches here, which is unprecedented, even in the phenomenal year of 1890, and the damage threatens to be large in bridges washed away and rich valley lands overflowed.

For miles above Colusa, on both sides of the river, the Sacramento valley looks like a great lake, with trees and houses standing out like islands. About 10:30 Tuesday night a cloud-burst occurred in the mountain canyon near Boulder creek, Santa Cruz County, and a flood of water many feet high came roaring down the narrow valley, carrying along whole trees and logs and nothing stood before it. Five houses, with their sleeping occupants, were swept away like egg-shells. The people at the time and were taken completely by surprise. Joe Easton and his wife occupied one house. The people on the banks saw them swept by the torrent clasped in each other's arms. Men ran down the stream in the hope of saving them. A quarter of a mile below a cry for help was heard, and Mrs. Easton was found clinging to the bank. She had been struck by drifting logs as she was swept down-stream. She was badly bruised and had been stripped of her night clothes. She is nearly 50 years old and the shock may prove fatal. She said that as she and her husband were swept down together a log struck him and separated them. She did not see him again. Easton's body was found in a pile of drift about half a mile down-stream. There were several narrow escapes, but no one except Easton was lost.

SACRAMENTO, Cal., Dec. 12.—Reports from north of this city show that much damage has been done by the water rising in the Sacramento river and its tributaries caused by recent rains. The levee broke twice on Tuesday night above low water mark at Colusa. The levee broke twice at Colusa. Wednesday morning, flooding thousands of acres. Hundreds of men are patrolling the levees watching for further breaks. Several wash-outs have occurred, and a number of bridges have been washed away in the vicinity of Marysville, Oroville, Red Bluff and Oregon. Trains are detained at Marysville.

C. T. Jones, of Red Bluff, once a candidate for sheriff at San Francisco, was drowned while attempting to cross a small bridge, the high water having washed away the approach. A man named Jostlett, living near Colusa, is also supposed to have been drowned.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Dec. 13.—Jennette, Pa., was visited by a terrific wind-storm Wednesday morning about 3 o'clock. Several buildings were demolished, and the total loss was not less than \$10,000. No loss of life is reported.

CAMBRIDGE CITY, Ind., Dec. 13.—Tuesday night a cyclone, accompanied with rain in torrents and vivid lightning, visited this vicinity. Its path was four miles in length by half mile in width. It came from the southwest. John Viocey's barn was unroofed, as were also the residence and barn of Cyrus Coffin. Coffin was outdoors, and was carried some distance. He saved his life by clinging to a tree. Sam Watson's two-story house and outbuildings are badly wrecked. The velocity of the wind was such as to drive a board through the siding of the Watson residence.

A Distillery Burned.
PEORIA, Ill., Dec. 14.—The Star distillery, owned by J. & G. Herges, at Pekin, was entirely destroyed by fire at an early hour yesterday morning. The loss was \$40,000; insurance, \$19,000. Joseph Scheidel, night watchman, was burned to death and several others narrowly escaped. The warehouse, containing 140 barrels of whisky, was also consumed. The cattle-sheds, containing 500 head of cattle, were saved. The distillery was not in the trust. The origin of the fire is unknown.

Benjamin's steam gin-house and fifty bales of cotton were burned at Lake Providence, La., Thursday night, Dec. 12, 1890.

MICHIGAN STATE NEWS.

MONTHLY CROP REPORT.

The Improvement in the Condition of Wheat Shown to Be General.

The monthly crop report for December shows the improvement in the condition of wheat to be general, amounting to 9 per cent. in the southern counties. The present condition as compared with average years is: In the southern counties 67, central 71 and northern 89 per cent. The number of bushels of wheat marketed in November was 853,950, an excess of 224,000 bushels over the same month of 1888. Total amount from August to December 1, 5,298,920 bushels. The average yield of clover-seed in the State for 1889 was 1.76 bushels per acre. The condition of stock was: horses, 90; cattle, 92; sheep, 95; swine, 98 per cent. Hog cholera prevailed to a limited extent in Berrien, Cass, St. Joseph, Van Buren, Kent, Ottawa and Calhoun counties.

STATE SUNDAY-SCHOOLS.

Annual Session of the Convention and Election of Officers.

The State Sunday-School convention in session recently at Grand Rapids elected officers as follows: President, Rev. Washington Gardner of Albion; Vice-Presidents, Rev. W. W. Washburn of Saginaw, Rev. F. Noble of Grand Rapids, Rev. E. W. E. Jamieson of Grand Rapids; Recording Secretary, Rev. E. W. Miller of Big Rapids; Statistical Secretary and Superintendent of Works, M. H. Reynolds of Oronoso; Treasurer, W. L. C. Reid of Jackson; Executive Committee, E. A. Hough of Jackson, Rev. J. F. Loba of Kalamazoo, Rev. J. H. Pitter of Jackson, Rev. E. D. Rundell of New Buffalo, Rev. H. M. Moroy of Ypsilanti, George Parsons of Waterliet, Rev. C. P. Armstrong of Jackson, Charles E. Adams of Detroit.

Health in Michigan.

Reports to the State Board of Health by fifty-two observers in different parts of the State for the week ended on the 7th indicated that inflammation of the brain, cerebro-spinal meningitis, diphtheria, scarlet fever, consumption of the lungs and intermittent fever increased, and whooping cough and measles decreased in area of prevalence. Diphtheria was reported at twenty-five places, scarlet fever at thirty-four, typhoid fever at thirty, measles at ten and small-pox at Muskegon and Calvin townships.

The River Ran Into the Mine.

The Caledonian mine at Crystal Falls was drowned out under peculiar circumstances recently. The miners ran a shaft under the river and when a blast was exploded the river burst through and filled the mine. The men barely escaped with their lives. The value of the property destroyed will be great.

Short But New Items.

Crowell has the stars and stripes flying from three school houses. The shingle-mill of Davidson & Reynolds, at Alpena, cut this season seven million shingles.

Several deer are reported to have been seen in the Veneklaassen woods near Holland lately. The Flint & Pere Marquette road will put a belt line around the Bay Cities soon.

The Emmet post-office was robbed the other night of \$83.50 in stamps and a registered letter.

Wright & Miller's safe at their wheat house in Howell was burglarized the other night, but it happened to be empty.

The grocery store of McPhee & Anderson, in Alpena, was damaged \$3,000 by fire the other night. Insured for \$1,500. A lamp exploded.

There is trouble in the order of Chosen Friends in Michigan, and a number of seceders have fled articles of association for a supreme-commandery of United Friends of Michigan with the Wayne County clerk.

The Miner House at East Tawas was burned the other morning. Two persons were burned to death, one of whom was thought to have been Ed Roney, the clerk. Several others were injured in fighting the fire.

Fred Sefton, of Huntsburg, O., committed suicide in the woods near Chocomaug the other night.

Alex Aleleto, a timber boss, fell down one hundred feet in the South Hecla mine at Calumet recently and was killed by a rock falling on him.

George Luce, a brother of Governor Luce, died at his home at Orland, Ind., the other day.

William Shultz, James Spense and John Hutton, of Coldwater, are in jail at Mount Pleasant charged with manufacturing counterfeit silver dollars.

Lamont and vicinity is flush with greenbacks, but they are of a spurious nature.

One hundred new houses were put up in Belding, the "silk thread town," this season, and still the supply is far short of filling the demand.

William Tiddy stepped from an ascending bucket in the Hamilton shaft at Iron Mountain recently and fell to the bottom of the shaft, several hundred feet, meeting instant death.

Alpena mills the past season manufactured 912,000 feet of lumber, 53,000,000 laths and 36,610,000 shingles; and 30,000,000 pounds

WHAT THE BELLS SAY.



ARK—hear the bells,
Whose music tells
Of Christmas joy and
Each sound that sings
Of happy things,
This birthday of the
King of Kings.

Lo, on this day,
The glad bells say,
In Bethlehem, far,
Away,
And long ago,
Was born the Christ
Who loved these so.

A radiant star,
Shone bright and far
Above the plains where
shepherds were,
And led the way,
That Christmas day,
To where the young child Jesus lay.

O glorious morn,
When Christ was born
Among the garnered wheat and corn;
O happy day,
Where His dear face
First shed the sunshine of its grace.

Above the plain
A heavenly strain
Of music rang; and its refrain
In ringing still,
O'er bright and hill:
"The Peace on earth, to men Good-will."

Rejoice to-day,
The glad bells say;
Put all the cares that vex away;
Let Christmas cheer
Find welcome here,
And bless this best day of the year.

To Christ, thy King,
As tribute bring
Thy heart, and let the offering
With love be sweet,
As at His feet
Thy lips its grateful words repeat.

Rejoice and sing,
The glad bells ring,
In honor of the world's dear King!
Let love increase;
May discord cease;
All hail, all hail, thou Prince of Peace!
—Eben E. Rexford, in Youth's Companion.

TWO CHRISTMASSES.

How Amelia's Lover Circumvented the Old Man.



OH K. DOLLINGER, millionaire, was a cold, proud, haughty man; he was fond of his family, which had come to this country when the "lurking savage" of which the historian so de-

suppressed by the authorities at this point.

Arthur was going to ask old Dollinger for Amelia. When he reached the house he touched the electric button. James, in livery, responded. He was shown into the library, where Dollinger, cold, calm, calculating, stood before the fire.

"Mr. Dollinger," said Arthur, in a firm voice, "I came to ask you for your daughter's hand in marriage."

"That makes no difference," said Arthur, "I am an artist! Leave the house! Go! or I'll call the police!"

"But your daughter has given her consent," pleaded Arthur.

"That makes no difference," replied the old gentleman, growing purple in the face. "Go this instant, or my men shall throw you out!"

"I take it, then," returned Arthur, as his thin lip curled bitterly, "that you are opposed to the match?"

"Insolent puppy!" roared the old man, while the veins stood out on his neck and forehead; "begone this instant, or I will hurl you through the window! But stay one moment! Come back when you have one million in cash and possibly I may consider your suit. Now go!"

"Don't sit up for me to-night," said Arthur, as he turned away stunned and crushed.

"If Arthur goes, I go, too!" cried a wild, agonized voice. Amelia rushed in and hung about Arthur's neck, while he showered great, warm kisses on her lips and forehead.

"Go, both of you!" fairly bellowed the old man, with face vivid purple and veins almost bursting. "Never darken my door again!"

"Yes, go, and never show your faces here again!" cried Mrs. Louise Kill Von Kull Dollinger-Dollinger, sweeping in. They turned, with arms entwined about each other's necks, and passed into the hall. Here Arthur by mistake took a fine black silk umbrella instead of his own red-and-white campaign affair, and they went out past the griffin and down the stone steps, while the great white snowflakes settled down upon them with a soft, plying touch.

Five minutes later they mounted the steps of the Twenty-eighth-street station of the Sixth avenue elevated. Dropping two red theater checks into the chopper-box, Arthur passed on to the platform followed closely by Amelia, while the griffin and near-sighted gateman pumped the checks.

"Love," whispered Arthur, as he pressed her little hand in his, "love, we will seek Rev. Mr. Tymep; he shall make us one and I'll paint him a picture for his fee."

A train dashed up. "Hail!" shouted the man who had allowed his machine to eat the theater checks. Quickly Amelia stepped on. Guard No. 14, 574.

lights to tell lurked along the Battery ten hours a day, or some the recking seal from the head of his bosom friend or law partner on Bowling Green. He was proud of his great wealth, much of which he had inherited and much of which he had made in Wall street; proud of his record as a business man; proud of every thing connected with John K. Dollinger. He was also, as I remarked, cold and haughty, and during his whole life in the metropolis he was never known to stop on Broadway, between Fulton and Ann streets, and buy a pair of suspenders of the red-faced man who is in that business there. Promptly at three o'clock every afternoon his coachman might have been seen waiting in front of his office in Wall street, with the tops of his boots turned down and a very stiff spinal column. Exactly at 3:15 o'clock Mr. Dollinger appeared and without shaking hands with the coachman, or otherwise greeting him, stepped into the carriage, which the man with the weeping willow boots drove rapidly to the Fifth avenue mansion, with the assistance of a pair of beautiful chestnut horses from which the tails had been carefully removed before starting.

Old Dollinger had a wife—Mrs. Dollinger. She was also cold, proud and haughty, as became the daughter of a Kill Von Kull and wife of a Dollinger. In fact there was nothing very affable about either one of them. A maiden aunt, poor in both purse and spirit, once came in from Stutchevitch, N. J., and made them a six-weeks' visit in December and January, and she used to say when she got home that sometimes after a meal with the Dollingers, at which she had quitted for soup twice and drank a little quietly out of her finger-bowl, that it was very pleasant and a great relief to her to go out on the stoop and associate awhile with the cast-iron griffins. She said she had never supposed that griffins could be so sociable and pleasant. She had always had an idea from the way a griffin held back its head and carried one jaw up and wore its tail at half-mast that it was far from warm in its affections or cordial in its manners; but she said that after she had eaten pie with her knife ten or fifteen minutes at her nephew's table it was surprising how pleasant and sociable those iron griffins could be.

There was another member of the Dollinger family—a daughter—an only child. She was not as were her parents. Reared in the frosty, gray atmosphere of the Dollinger brown-stone front cold storage warehouse, she was like a being from another world—like the soft cloud-like pasque flower among the snows—a violet amid the April chill. Proud she was, to be sure, but proud of something better than wealth; and she was not cold nor haughty. Her name was Amelia.

Her mother wanted her to write it with the upper part of an exclamation point, so that it should be "A." but that while she stayed in her right mind she could never think of it. She remonstrated with her mother when she wrote her name Mrs. Louise Kill Von Kull Dollinger-Dollinger, but it did not do any good. Arthur Graves was a poor artist. He had a studio in East Fourteenth street, where he painted large, soulful pictures and got behind them and breathed low when the landlord pounded on the door for the rent. That's about the only good the pictures ever did him, because he couldn't sell many and when he did sell one he usually let the man get away without paying him. If Arthur Graves could have paid his debts he would have found that he owed the man he borrowed the money from to do it about eight hundred dollars. Arthur was but a young, poor and struggling artist, and he knew it would be years before he could paint a lot of big war pictures and take them to Russia to exhibit. But he loved Amelia better than his own life, and Amelia loved Arthur.

It was Christmas Eve. As the weary landlord pounded at Arthur's door that poor but undoubted genius went down the fire-escape. Bright lights—glowing hearths—good cheer—holly—peace on earth—mistletoe—flap-flap—and all that sort of thing. (Ten pages of manuscript

suppressed by the authorities at this point.)

Arthur was going to ask old Dollinger for Amelia. When he reached the house he touched the electric button. James, in livery, responded. He was shown into the library, where Dollinger, cold, calm, calculating, stood before the fire.

"Mr. Dollinger," said Arthur, in a firm voice, "I came to ask you for your daughter's hand in marriage."

"That makes no difference," said Arthur, "I am an artist! Leave the house! Go! or I'll call the police!"

"But your daughter has given her consent," pleaded Arthur.

"That makes no difference," replied the old gentleman, growing purple in the face. "Go this instant, or my men shall throw you out!"

"I take it, then," returned Arthur, as his thin lip curled bitterly, "that you are opposed to the match?"

"Insolent puppy!" roared the old man, while the veins stood out on his neck and forehead; "begone this instant, or I will hurl you through the window! But stay one moment! Come back when you have one million in cash and possibly I may consider your suit. Now go!"

"Don't sit up for me to-night," said Arthur, as he turned away stunned and crushed.

"If Arthur goes, I go, too!" cried a wild, agonized voice. Amelia rushed in and hung about Arthur's neck, while he showered great, warm kisses on her lips and forehead.

"Go, both of you!" fairly bellowed the old man, with face vivid purple and veins almost bursting. "Never darken my door again!"

"Yes, go, and never show your faces here again!" cried Mrs. Louise Kill Von Kull Dollinger-Dollinger, sweeping in. They turned, with arms entwined about each other's necks, and passed into the hall. Here Arthur by mistake took a fine black silk umbrella instead of his own red-and-white campaign affair, and they went out past the griffin and down the stone steps, while the great white snowflakes settled down upon them with a soft, plying touch.

THE JURY CHARGED.

Principal Points in the Instructions of Judge McConnell to the Twelve Men Chosen to Decide the Fate of the Cronin Case.

CHICAGO, Dec. 14.—A synopsis of the instructions read to the Cronin jury by Judge McConnell is here given.

The judge began by saying that the jury were the judges of the law as well as of the facts in this case. If upon due reflection, the jury were of opinion that from their experience and study of the evidence the law of the land and the facts of the case were in accordance with the law, they were to find the defendant guilty.

He then, at some length, gave the legal definition of the crime murder, its punishment as provided by the statutes of the State of Illinois, the law of the State of Illinois, the presumption of innocence, and the theory of the presumption of innocence.

The jury must enter upon the consideration of each circumstance proven, having in the minds the presumption of innocence of each of the defendants, and if such fact or circumstance can be explained consistently with the innocence of the accused it is the duty to explain it. If the jury can reconcile the facts in this case upon any reasonable theory consistent with the innocence of the defendant, John Cronin, Daniel Cronin, Patrick Cronin, Martin Burke and John P. Beggs, separately considered, it is their duty to do so, and to find such defendant not guilty. In the case of the jury, the jury must find, in addition to the fact of the adoption of a resolution for the appointment of a committee in Camp 90 on February 1, 1890, that such committee was appointed by Beggs in furtherance of a conspiracy to commit the murder of Cronin, and that the defendant had guilty knowledge of the purpose for which the appointment of such committee was asked. These must be satisfied in the jury's minds before they will be justified in finding Beggs guilty of participation in the conspiracy.

The fact that Beggs was president of Camp 90 is a circumstance standing alone tending to establish the guilt of the crime charged in the indictment in this case. And as there is no evidence in this case that any overt act was committed by the defendant Beggs in the commission of the crime charged in the indictment in this case, therefore, it is established that a conspiracy was entered into to commit the murder charged in the indictment, and that the defendant Beggs was a party to such conspiracy. The jury must not disregard the testimony of witnesses where it appears to be fair, and not reasonable or unnatural, and where they have not been impeached by the evidence. All the evidence must be considered and a verdict rendered in accordance with its weight. The judge then at length explained the legal methods of impeaching a witness.

In no view which can be taken of this case will they be warranted in using against one defendant any evidence of the act, conduct or confession of any other defendant occurring subsequent to the day of the alleged homicide of Dr. Cronin.

Although they may believe that the defendant Beggs, at a meeting of Camp 90 on May 10, 1890, admitted that such committee was appointed to report to him, even if they should further believe that such remark possessed some criminal intent, yet, in no view that can be taken of this case, will they be justified in using such remark as evidence against any other defendant. The jury must not use any of the evidence respecting the actions of Simons, the person who Dr. Cronin was way from his home on the night of May 4, and other persons who they might consider members of this conspiracy, against any defendant unless they are first convinced beyond every reasonable doubt, from the evidence, that such defendant was also a member of such conspiracy to murder Dr. Cronin.

Although the jury might believe that a defendant did some act which contributed in some measure to Dr. Cronin's death, they will not be justified in concluding that the defendant did such act as a member of such conspiracy, unless they further believe, from the evidence, beyond a reasonable doubt, that the defendant, at the time of doing such act, actually knew and intended that the act done by him should be one of a series of acts to be done by others in the perpetration of the crime charged in the indictment, or that the defendant was under the charge of conspiracy against any of the defendants to commit murder, it must be proven beyond every reasonable doubt that such defendant combined with one or more persons in the common purpose and with the common design to murder the deceased before they will be justified in believing that the conspiracy existed as charged against him. Although the jury may believe that the actions in relation to the Cronin case, removing the furniture from the Cronin home, and that Dr. Cronin was murdered there, these acts are insufficient to justify you in concluding that he was a party to the alleged conspiracy, unless it further appears, beyond all reasonable doubt, that such acts of the defendant Burke were the result of a conspiracy to murder Dr. Cronin, and that the defendant Burke was in the perpetration of the crime charged in the indictment, or that the defendant Burke was under the charge of conspiracy against any of the defendants to commit murder, it must be proven beyond every reasonable doubt that such defendant combined with one or more persons in the common purpose and with the common design to murder the deceased before they will be justified in believing that the conspiracy existed as charged against him.

The burden of proof rests upon the prosecution, and it is required to prove beyond all reasonable doubt that the defendants, and not somebody else, committed the crime charged in the indictment. Although it may be believed, from the evidence that it is more probable and likely that the defendants are guilty than that they are innocent, yet no verdict can be legally based upon such probability. If, therefore, when without passion, prejudice or bias, the jury having fairly and honestly considered the entire evidence on both sides of the case, do not feel morally certain, to the exclusion of every reasonable doubt, of the guilt of the defendants, then it is their duty to acquit them.

The evidence on both sides must be considered without any feeling of resentment or revenge, and if the jury finds that the evidence in this case fails to show any motive on the part of the defendant to commit the crime charged against him, then this fact, in connection with the evidence in this case, will be a strong presumption in favor of the innocence of the jury ought to consider in connection with all the other evidence in the case in arriving at a verdict.

The jury must not be concerned with any well-founded doubt of guilt that may exist respecting the defendants or any of them with their fellow-jurors. The jury can agree only to convict or acquit, and you can only properly convict when the guilt of the defendants is so fully and clearly proven to the mind of each individual juror, as to exclude every reasonable doubt of guilt.

A reasonable doubt is that state of the case which, after the entire comparison and consideration of all the evidence in the case leaves the jurors in that condition that they can not say they have an abiding conviction, to a moral certainty, of the truth of the charges.

In considering the case, however, the jury are not to go beyond the evidence to doubt as to the truth of the evidence, but they are to consider the evidence as it stands, and if they are not morally certain of the truth of the evidence, they are to acquit. If, after considering all the evidence, you can say you have an abiding conviction of the truth of the charges, you are satisfied beyond a reasonable doubt.

In this case the jury may, as in their judgment the evidence warrants, find any or all of the defendants guilty, or any or all of them not guilty; and if in their judgment the evidence warrants they may, in case they find the defendants, or any of them guilty, fix the same penalty for all the defendants found guilty, or different penalties for the different defendants found guilty. And in case they find the defendants, or any of them, guilty of murder, they should fix the penalty of the death, or imprisonment for life, or the penitentiary, or at their discretion in the penitentiary for a term of any number of years not less than fourteen.

In giving Christmas presents be sure and keep your presence of mind. Don't be extravagant.

FROM LANDS AFAR.

IT MAY be \$500,000 trees, which produce 1,200,000 lemons per annum.

It is proposed to light up horses' heads with electric lights during fogs in London.

There are now sixteen Browning societies in the various provincial towns of England.

Cremation is coming more and more into vogue in Germany. At Götting 100 bodies have been cremated since January 1.

At the Paris Exhibition of 1897 the theaters lost \$2,100,000, as the expenditure of 1878 \$3,600,000, and in 1880 \$3,050,000.

The Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals in Switzerland has resolved to banish cats from the republic on the ground that they are killing off the birds.

CATARH.

Catarhial Deafness—Hay Fever—A New Home Treatment.

Sufferers are not generally aware that these diseases are contagious, or that they are due to the presence of living parasites in the lining membrane of the nose and the eustachian tubes. Microscopic research, however, has proved this to be a fact, and the result of this discovery is that a simple remedy has been formulated, whereby Catarrh, Hay Fever and Catarhial Deafness are permanently cured in from one to three simple applications made at home by the patient in one or two weeks.

N. B.—This treatment is not a snuff or an ointment, but has been discarded by reputable physicians as injurious. A pamphlet explaining this new treatment is sent on receipt of three cents in stamps to pay postage by A. H. Dixon & Son, cor. of John King Street, Toronto, Canada.—Christian Advocate.

Sufferers from Catarhial troubles should carefully read the above.

It is paradoxical, to say the least, that the higher classes are the lowest as regards the lower the hire—Lawrence America.

Only One Night Out to Florida.

When you come to think of it, the Monon Route has shortened the time to thirty-seven hours and twenty minutes between Chicago and Jacksonville, Fla., and affords a choice of interesting tourist routes via either Indianapolis and Cincinnati, or Louisville and Burlington through the famous blue grass regions of Kentucky.

Ventilated Sleepers constitutes practically the only comfortable mode of travel between Chicago, Jacksonville, Fla., and other points on the Southern Winter Resorts, the transfer consisting in merely being ushered from one Pullman car into another.

At Chattanooga is a new afforded choice of lines en route to Jacksonville, either line of which passes through scenes of historical interest. Four times every day in the morning the beautiful train of the Monon Route leaves Chicago for the South. Intending tourist to Florida and the charming scenery of the coast can gain interesting particulars by addressing any Ticket Agent of the Monon Route, or James Barker, General Passenger Agent, 135 Dearborn Street, Chicago.

THE GOOD OFFICE OF:

It is well illustrated in the case of neuritis, which is an intermittent pain which follows the course of the nerve affected. St. Jacobs Oil by gentle rubbing and applied frequently, will cure.

194 Sackett St., Brooklyn, N. Y., Jan. 8, 1890. I was taken with neuritis in side and suffered 6 months. I was given up by doctors, but was cured by St. Jacobs Oil.

At Druggists and Dealers.

THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO., Baltimore, Md.

WALLES GOODYEAR RUBBERS.

The best Rubber Boots and Shoes in the world are made by the Goodyear Rubber Co. and do not become brittle by wearing.

FOR CHRISTMAS PRESENTS!

PAILLARD'S ARE THE BEST.

MUSIC BOXES.

WANTED NEW NICKEL PLATED STEWART'S DUPLEX.

NORTHERN PACIFIC.

FREE Government LANDS.

SEND FOR CATALOGUE.

MADE WITH BOILING WATER.

EPPS'S COCOA.

CURE FITS!

THE GOOD OFFICE OF:

It is well illustrated in the case of neuritis, which is an intermittent pain which follows the course of the nerve affected. St. Jacobs Oil by gentle rubbing and applied frequently, will cure.

194 Sackett St., Brooklyn, N. Y., Jan. 8, 1890. I was taken with neuritis in side and suffered 6 months. I was given up by doctors, but was cured by St. Jacobs Oil.

At Druggists and Dealers.

THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO., Baltimore, Md.

WALLES GOODYEAR RUBBERS.

The best Rubber Boots and Shoes in the world are made by the Goodyear Rubber Co. and do not become brittle by wearing.

FOR CHRISTMAS PRESENTS!

PAILLARD'S ARE THE BEST.

MUSIC BOXES.

WANTED NEW NICKEL PLATED STEWART'S DUPLEX.

NORTHERN PACIFIC.

FREE Government LANDS.

SEND FOR CATALOGUE.

MADE WITH BOILING WATER.

EPPS'S COCOA.

CURE FITS!

THE GOOD OFFICE OF:

It is well illustrated in the case of neuritis, which is an intermittent pain which follows the course of the nerve affected. St. Jacobs Oil by gentle rubbing and applied frequently, will cure.

194 Sackett St., Brooklyn, N. Y., Jan. 8, 1890. I was taken with neuritis in side and suffered 6 months. I was given up by doctors, but was cured by St. Jacobs Oil.

At Druggists and Dealers.

THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO., Baltimore, Md.

WALLES GOODYEAR RUBBERS.

The best Rubber Boots and Shoes in the world are made by the Goodyear Rubber Co. and do not become brittle by wearing.

FOR CHRISTMAS PRESENTS!

PAILLARD'S ARE THE BEST.

MUSIC BOXES.

WANTED NEW NICKEL PLATED STEWART'S DUPLEX.

NORTHERN PACIFIC.

FREE Government LANDS.

SEND FOR CATALOGUE.

MADE WITH BOILING WATER.

EPPS'S COCOA.

CURE FITS!

BARGAINS! BARGAINS.

Clothing, Furnishing Goods, Boots
and Shoes,

At Greatly Reduced Prices!

We have got too many goods.

We have got the goods you
want.

And during the next Thirty Days
will save you at least 25 per cent.
on every dollars worth you buy.

Clothing.

For \$5 you can buy Overcoats worth from \$7 to \$10.

For \$10 you can buy Overcoats worth from \$12 to \$18.

Prices reduced on all suits.

Prices reduced on all Odd Pants.

Prices reduced on all Overalls and Jackets.

Prices reduced on all Underwear.

Remember we are headquarters for fine silk Umbrellas.

Gents neck scafs at all prices, silk mufflers, etc.

In fact our Gents' Furnishing Goods Department is complete
in every respect.

Boots & Shoes.

If you want leather boots, felt or rubber boots, men's shoes,
boy's shoes, childrens shoes, we have got them at all prices.

Yours, etc.,

W.P. SCHENK.

Corner Main and Middle Streets.

P. S.—If you want a suit, overcoat or pants, made to order,
Give us a call. A first-class fit guaranteed or no sale.

SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN

ESTABLISHED 1845.
Is the oldest and most popular scientific and
technical paper in the world and has the largest
circulation of any paper of its class in the world.
Fully illustrated. Best class of Wood Engravings.
Published weekly. Sent for specimen
copy. Price \$5 a year. Four months' trial, \$1.50.
MUNN & CO., PUBLISHERS, 31 Broadway, N.Y.

ARCHITECTS & BUILDERS

A special success. Each issue contains colored
illustrations of country and city residences
and public buildings. Numerous engravings
and full plans and specifications for the use of
architects and builders. Price \$2 a year.
MUNN & CO., PUBLISHERS.

PATENTS

may be secured
by applying
to MUNN & CO., who
have had over
40 years' experience and have made over
30,000 applications for American and Foreign
patents. Send for Handbook. Corre-
spondence strictly confidential.

TRADE MARKS.

In case your mark is not registered in the
Patent Office, apply to MUNN & CO. and procure
immediate protection. Send for Handbook.
COPYRIGHTS for books, charts, maps,
etc., quickly procured. Address
MUNN & CO., Patent Solicitors,
GENERAL OFFICE: 31 BROADWAY, N. Y.

BOILERS

STEPHEN PRATT'S
STEAM BOILER WORKS.
(Established 1865.)
Manufacturers of High and Low Pres-
sure and Steam Heating Boilers of all
kinds, smoke pipes, brachings, etc. Old
boilers taken in exchange for new. Rives,
boiler plates, and boiler tubes for sale.
Cor. Foundry st. and Mich. Cent'l R. R.
tracks, DETROIT, MICH. v19u30

FIRE! FIRE!!

If you want insurance call on
Gilbert & Crowell. We represent
companies whose gross assets amount
to the sum of

\$45,000,000.

New Store!

New Goods!

I am now located and doing business in
my new store, and carry a large line of
Hosiery, Robes, Blankets, Whips, etc.
Repairing done on short notice. I invite
your inspection.

Hugh Sherry.

Chelsea, Michigan. v19u6

Get Your JOB WORK DONE

At The

HERALD OFFICE.

Now is the time to subscribe for

HERALD



A Merry Christmas

HERE WE ARE AGAIN!

With no end of gifts and presents for
everybody. Between

You, Us and Santa Claus.

Bargains were never better or bigger.

They're wonders!

The Christmas Tree

Never bore better fruit than it bears
this season. As

Old Santa's Agents

We invite you to

Drop in and see the stock

which for stockings we've

prepared. All our prices

are low and for every

one you want we've

no finer stock you'll find

If you search the country

through. All the daintiest and

refined and the newest of

the new. We've a gift for

everyone, right in reach of

any purse: gifts for father

and for son, gifts for baby

and for nurse, gifts for

mothers, aunts and

cousins, gifts for little girls

and boys, gifts in do-

zens upon dozens, such

as ever child en-

joys, and a host of

goods we offer,

such variety we

show, and no

unbelievable

reductions, but

will cost you

prices low and

to sell

with wide-

way we've

our

profits

fine. Once

at our

stock and you

will say, we

load in every line

of goods we offer,

such variety we

show, and no

unbelievable

reductions, but

will cost you

prices low and

to sell

with wide-

way we've

our

profits

fine. Once

at our

stock and you

will say, we

load in every line

of goods we offer,

such variety we

show, and no

unbelievable

reductions, but

will cost you

prices low and

to sell

with wide-

way we've

our

profits

fine. Once

at our

stock and you

will say, we

load in every line

of goods we offer,

such variety we

show, and no

unbelievable

reductions, but

will cost you

prices low and

to sell

with wide-

way we've

our

profits

I will present to every family,
not now a subscriber to the
Chelsea HERALD, one years sub-
scription to that paper with any
purchase of \$5 worth of goods
at the Bank Drug Store. This
purchase may include anything
in my store from sugar to sugar
coated pills.

FRANK P. GLAZIER.

Council Proceedings.

CHELSEA, Nov. 15, 1889.

Board met in council room Nov.

15, 1889.

Meeting called to order by Pres.

Roll call by clerk.

Present, W. J. Knapp, President;

Trustees, Schumacher, Lighthall,

and Crowell.

Absent, trustees Schenk, Holmes

and Bacon.

Minutes of previous meeting read

and approved.

Moved and carried that the fol-

lowing bills be allowed and orders

drawn on the Treasurer for the

amounts,

Jas. Harrington, painting \$ 2.00

W. J. Knapp, Hardware 63.29

Moved and carried that the Presi-

dent and H. Lighthall act as a

Committee in making arrangements

for heating the engine room.

Moved and carried that we ad-

journal.

FRED VOGEL, Clerk.

CHELSEA, Dec. 10, 1889.

Board met in council room.

Meeting called to order by the

President.

Roll call by clerk.

Present, W. J. Knapp, President;

Trustees, Holmes, Bacon, Lighthall,

Schenk, Schumacher and Crowell.

Minutes of previous meeting read

and approved.

The following was read by the

Clerk:

"To the Village Board of the

Village of Chelsea: I hereby resign

the office of Marshal of the Village

of Chelsea, now held by me, the

same to take effect December 31st,

1889." J. M. WOOD, Marshal.

Moved and supported that the

resignation of the Marshal, J. M.

Woods, be accepted. Carried.

The Committee on the communi-

cation by the Chief of the Fire

Department reported as follows: The

communication of the Chief of the

Fire Department, would respectfully

report, and ask to be discharged.

That the improvements and changes

in the engine house have been made,

and same is now heated with coal

stove. Rooms have been rented in

Babcock block for use of Fire

Department for the term of 1 year

with privilege of three at a rent of

one dollar per week. We have also

bought 4 dozen chairs and one lamp

for said hall.

W. J. KNAPP.

H. LIGHTHALL.

WM. BACON.

Moved and supported that the

above report be accepted and adopt-

ed. Carried.

Moved and support that the fol-

lowing bills be allowed and orders

drawn on the Treasurer for the

amount. Carried.

H. Lighthall, work \$10.37

A. Allison, 3rd quarter printing 6.25

Jas. Harrington, painting 5.00

Wm. Emmet, printing 1.00

Hong & Holmes, chairs and lamp 37.74

Ed. Gorton, building sidewalks 40.00

Moved and carried that we ad-

journal.

FRED VOGEL, Clerk.

North Lake Breeze.

Mrs. Wm. Hudson returned Sun-

day from a visit in Sylvan.

Miss Mary Hudson, is visiting her

aunt, Mrs. S. Wright, near Chelsea.

Tommy Markey will take up his

residence with James Roche this

winter.

Mr. E. J. Whalan of Howell, sun-

dayed with his father, R. S.

Whalan.

Miss Emily Foster returned last

week from Finley, Ohio, to spend

the holidays.

The M. E. Social at Mr. J. H.

Coke's, has been postponed until

Local and Business Pointers.

The roads has been very muddy the

past week.

Sealed proposals for 20 cords of four

foot second growth, seasoned, oak wood,

also 40 cords four foot second growth,

green, oak wood. Bids to be left with J.

Bacon, director of school district No. 8,

fractional Sylvan and Lima.

Glazier's line of Christmas cards and

booklets is immense, and his prices the

lowest on record.

The drawing at B. Parker's boot and

shoe store comes of Dec. 24th. Buy your

Christmas slippers of him and get a guess

on the beans.

Christmas cards very cheap at Hong &

Holmes.

See the elegant line of gold brooches

that Glazier, the druggist, offers at 24 cts.

Grand Pa's soap at Blach Bros.

Hummel & Fenn never carry shoddy

goods of any kind.

Heavy solid silver thimbles 30c at

Glazier's.

Try seedless raisins, you can buy them

at Blach Bros.

All silverware one-fourth off at Glazier's.

For fine quality of Plush goods, Hum-

mel & Fenn stand to the front.

Albums at about half price at Hong &

Holmes.

Best German silver tea spoons 58c per

set at Glazier's.

Only a week until Christmas. Hurry

and gather in those Bargains at Hummel

& Fenn's.

Fine full cream cheese at Blach Bros.

Largest dolls for the money at Hong &

Holmes.

Rogers Bros. 1847 triple plate knives

and forks \$2.95 per dozen at Glazier's.

A fine line of gold and silver watches,

warranted for 20 years, at Kautschner's.

Fine new dates and figs at Blach Bros.

Pocket knives from 5c up at Hong &

Holmes.

Glazier's a dandy on Christmas candy

and his store is quite handy.

Old pop corn at Blach Bros.

Unique and artistic Christmas presents

at kut prices are a specialty at Glazier's.

Elegant line of Reed chairs at Hong &

Holmes.

Bargains larger than mountains at

Hummel & Fenn's.

Rock salt, eastern, at Blach Bros.

A percussion cap never went off quicker

than Glazier's Christmas bargains go.

Kut prices do it.

Largest assortment of Holiday goods